

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

Vol. XIX.]

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1846.

[No. 5322.]

For the prevention and cure of
DILUOUS and MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
Hahn's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
THIS Medicine has been attended
with a degree of success highly grateful
to the inventor's feelings in several parts
of the West India and in the Southern
and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons
can be adduced, who have reason to be-
lieve that a timely use of this salutary re-
medy has, under Providence, preserved
their lives when in the most alarming cir-
cumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak
more in favour of a medicine than col-
umns of pompous eulogy founded on
mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously pro-
posed as an infallible cure, but the inven-
tor has every possible reason that can re-
sult from extensive experience for be-
lieving that a dose of these Pills taken
in every two weeks during the pre-
valence of our bilious fevers, will prove
an infallible preventive; and further,
that in the earlier stages of those diseases
their use will very generally succeed in
restoring health, and frequently in cases
estimated desperate and beyond the power
of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly
mild, so as to be used with safety by per-
sons in every situation and of every age.
They are excellently adapted to carry
off superfluous bile and prevent its mor-
bid secretions—to restore and amend the
appetite—to produce a free perspiration
and thereby prevent colds which are of-
ten of fatal consequences. A dose never
fails to remove a cold taken on its first
appearance: they are celebrated for re-
moving habitual costiveness—sickness at
the stomach and severe head-ache—and
ought to be taken by all persons on a
change of climate.

They have been found remarkably effi-
cacious in preventing and curing disor-
ders attendant on long voyages, and
should be procured and carefully preserv-
ed for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir.
A sovereign remedy for colds, ob-
stinate coughs, asthma, sore throats,
catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.
To persons who have children afflicted
with the **HOOPING COUGH**, this dis-
covery is of the first magnitude, as it af-
fords immediate relief, checks the pro-
gress, and in a short time entirely re-
moves the most cruel disorders to which
children are liable. The Elixir is per-
fectly agreeable, and the dose so small
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.
Is recommended as an invaluable me-
dicine for the speedy relief and perman-
ent cure of
Nervous Disorders, Violent cramps in
Consumptions, the stomach and
Lowness of spirits, back
Loss of appetite, Indigestion
Impurity of blood, Melancholy
Hysterical affection, Gout in the stomach
Inward weaknesses, Pains in the limbs
and debility, Relaxations, etc.

**Hamilton's Essence and Extract of
Mustard.**
A safe and effectual remedy for acute
and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white
swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain
in the face and neck, etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.
Warranted an infallible remedy at one
application, may be used with perfect
safety by pregnant women, or on infants
a week old, not containing a particle of
mercury or any dangerous ingredient
whatsoever, and not accompanied with that
tormenting smart which attends the ap-
plication of other remedies.

**Hahn's true & genuine German Corn
Plaster.**
An infallible remedy for corns, speedily
removing them root and branch, with-
out giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.
So celebrated among the fashionable
throughout Europe, is an invaluable cos-
metic, perfectly innocent and safe, free
from corrosive and repellent minerals,
the basis of other lotions, and of un-
paralleled efficacy in removing blemishes
of the face and skin, freckles, pimples,
inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ring-
worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.
A sovereign remedy for all diseases of
the eyes, whether the effect of nature
weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.
The only remedy yet discovered which
gives immediate and lasting relief in the
most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops
For the cure of agues, remittent and
intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets
may be had gratis, describing cures per-
formed by the above medicines; the num-
ber, importance and respectability of
which, fully justify every article of this
advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
September 26 King-st. Alexandria.

Mahogany, &c.
JUST received and for sale,
4000 feet mahogany, in lots to suit
purchasers

100 mattresses of different sizes
1 elegant Grecian sofa.
10 dozen sacking bottoms at 18s
16 portable desks
Easy chairs and night stools

S. WARD,
Lower end of Prince-street.
August 27 2w

Lawrason & Fowle
HAVE received by schr Adeline, capt.
Runney, and for sale,
15 pipes French brandy
60 qr casks Malaga wine
August 6 4w

French Plaster.
ONE hundred and fifty tons on board the
ship *Washington*, for sale by
July 20 **LAWRASON & FOWLE.**

Lawrason & Fowle
HAVE for sale, landing from schooner
Eliza, captain Weeks, from N. York,
20 pipes Holland Gin of superior qual-
ity, 1st and 2d proof
Also in store,
A few pipes French Brandy, of excellent
quality August 1

John H. Ladd & Co.
HAVE just received for sale,
25 cases men's and boys' fine and
coarse shoes, of superior quality
15 puncheons Demerara, St Croix and
3 casks lemon juice [Antigua rum
8 boxes fresh lemons
20 half bbls mess beef
50 kegs excellent small twist tobacco
30 do do large do
18 hhds leaf tobacco
August 26 2w

To Mr. Andrew Bartle.
SIR—I shall take no further notice at
this time of your publications in the
newspapers, other than to say that I am
prepared to meet any charge you may
make against me, and have sufficient proof
of the correctness of my conduct—a court
of justice will decide between us in a short
time, and I deem that the most proper tri-
bunal to settle our disputes.
WILLIAM STOOPS.

New Grocery Store.
THE subscriber having commenced the
Grocery business in the house of Mr.
E. Lloyd, formerly occupied by Mr. Wm.
Dunlop, on Cameron street, between Fair-
fax and Royal streets, has particularly se-
lected for family use a general assortment
of the best wines, liquors, cordials and
groceries, which will be sold low for cash.
ALSO,
Twenty-four boxes Sicily lemons, in prime
order, from New York; and a fine assort-
ment of handsome paper-hanging, recently
imported from Marseilles, which will be
sold very low by sets and by the yard.
VINCENT MASSOLETTI.
August 18 1w

Committed
TO my custody some time past as run-
daws, a Negro woman and two chil-
dren. The Negro woman calls herself
Ann Butler, and says she is free, and came
from Nottingham in Prince George county
upwards of seven years ago to this county,
where she has lived as a free person ever
since.—She is 5 feet 2 inches high, of a
very dark complexion, and appears to be
about 28 years of age—had on when com-
mitted an oxburgh shift, an old white
cotton petticoat, and a red calico frock.—
Her oldest child is a boy, who is called
Thomas—of a dark complexion, and ap-
pears to be about 5 years old.—The other
is a girl, who is called *Ann*, also of a dark
complexion, and appears to be about 3
years old. The owner is desired to come
and take them away, otherwise they will
be sold as the law directs, for their prison
fees, &c.
THO. A. DAVIS,
Sheriff of Charles County.
July 24 2m

Ten Dollars Reward,
WILL be given by the subscriber, liv-
ing near Haymarket, in Princewil-
liam County, for the recovery of a horse,
which strayed or was stolen from her farm,
on the night of the 13th of April last. The
above named horse is 5 or 6 years old, of
blood bay color, 15 hands high, long switch
tail, rubbed on the left side by the harness
of the cart or wagon, in either of which he
had been used to draw; he has no white
marks or brand, and the hair on the top of
the head between the ears is worn short.
* August 10 **SUSANNAH F. GRAHAM.**

50 Dollars Reward.
A BSCONDED on Saturday morning, the
15th inst. negro George, or George
Griffin, the property of Miss McCall, by
trade a nailer, and understands some part
of the blacksmith's business; he is about
30 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high,
stout made, very black complexion, large
eyes and mouth, with thick lips. He is a
very artful fellow and has been in the habit
of obtaining himself as a free man, and will
no doubt attempt to pass as such, and prob-
ably get work—has a down look when
spoken to.—His clothes not recollected, hav-
ing various suits.
A reward of 10 dollars will be given if
taken in the town or county, 20 in the coun-
ty of Washington or Fairfax, or the above
reward if taken 50 miles from town, with
all reasonable charges if brought home.
Masters of vessels are cautioned against
harboring or carrying off said runaway, as
they will be dealt with according to law.
JAMES SANDERSON.
August 17 2f

Washington Inn.
Corner of King & Pitt streets, Alexandria.

H. CLAGETT
RESPECTFULLY informs the public
that he has lately taken the above
stand (which is now calculated to afford
comfortable accommodations), and will
spare no exertions to please those who may
favor him with their custom. An excellent
Stable is attached to the Inn, and careful
attendants will be constantly in readiness
to obey the calls of travellers.
August 7 m

New Hotel,
ON THE LEESBURG ROAD.

WASHINGTON DRANE
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
and the public generally, that he has
opened a house of entertainment at his new
building, on the road leading from George-
town to Leesburg, 15 miles from the for-
mer, and 15 miles from the latter place.—
The house and furniture are new and elegant,
and every attendance and requisite
have been provided for the accommodation
of either parties of pleasure or persons on
business. There is an excellent spring of
water on the place, excelled perhaps by
none in the state of Virginia. The distance
from Georgetown, Washington or A-
lexandria, being an agreeable ride, he an-
ticipates a share of public patronage, which
he hopes his assiduity to business will just-
ly merit.
August 7 1m

Robert Gray,
Next door west of the corner of King &
Royal Streets.

HAS just received on consignment,
the following BOOKS and STA-
TIONARY ARTICLES, viz:
Volney's Ruins; Thaddeus of War-
ren; Oney Hymns; Faneaway's Letters
Murray's Reader, Grammar, Exercises
and Key;
Triumphs of Temper;
New York Reader, No. 1, 2, & 3;
Episcopal prayer books
Travels at home; Cases of Conscience
Chalmers' Discourses
Accidents of Human Life
Placide, a Spanish Tale; Manners, a
novel; Balance of Comfort
Letters from the Cape of Good Hope
Bonaparte's Letter to Lord Liverpool
Cook's Female Scripture Biography
Reminiscences of Robert-
son Harrington and Ormond
Memoirs of Moreau
Bernadotte
Youth's Cabinet
Murray's Grammar, Abridged
Murray's Webster's Comly's, and N
York Spelling Books
New York Preceptor and Primer
Allison's Sermons, 2 volumes
Tales of Fanny; Poetical Chronology
Clavis Cælestis; Tacitus
Airs of Palestine; Hubert and Ellen
Valentine's Eve; Readings on Poetry
Lord of the Isles
Sancho, or The Proverbialist
Cowper's Poems; Comic Dramas
Paris Revisited; French War in Spain
Poet's Pilgrimage; Masonic Minstrel
Simpson's Comic Sections
Willish's Lectures
Rambach's Meditations
Sidney on Government
Warren's America; Military Tutor
Family Prayers; American Star
Sanford and Merton; Scott's Lessons
Looking Glass for the Mind
Pocket and school Bibles & Testaments
Jess's Surveying
Johnson's Dictionary, large and small
Child's Monitor; American Nepos
History of England
Addison's Works, 6 vols. boards
Federalist; Clerk's Magazine
Colubian Letter Writer
Introduction to Reading
Episcopal hymns, &c. &c.

Stationary:
Plain and fancy paper, super-fine and
common cap writing and large brown
wrapping paper; band box and bonnet
boards; playing cards; ink powder, red
and black; black Morocco pocket book;
wedge wood cork and paper in holders;
lead and slate pencils; super fine English
and American drawing paper; Reeves's
colors in boxes; German and octave
flutes; flutes and clarionets; black sand
and sand boxes; wafers; quills; black
checks on the Mechanics' and Farmers'
banks; bills of lading; seawater; articles;
manifests and powers of attorney; bark
books, copy and cyphering books, plain
and ruled ledgers journals day books
invoices, letter of common account books
in full and half binding. Orders for any
description of BLACK BOOKS executed at
a short notice; and warranted for neat-
ness, strength and durability, equal to
any in the district.
June 27.

Carpeting.
ON hand at the auction store corner
of Prince and Water streets, Hol-
land and Carpets, (justly celebrated for
their durability)—of different widths and
qualities, which may be seen and pur-
chased at any time.
June 18 P. G. MARSTELLER.

Robert Gray
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
and former customers, that he has
recommenced the
**Bookbinding and Stationary
Business,**

next door to the corner of King and Ro-
yal streets, and is prepared to execute any
orders in the Bookbinding business with
which he may be honored—he is also sup-
plied on commission, with a small assort-
ment of Stationary comprised of articles
most in demand, and particularly invites
the attention of juvenile customers to
articles used in schools, such as Cyph-
ering and Copy books, &c. which are made
of the best materials that can be procur-
ed and at the usual prices—orders from
Banks or public offices for any kind of
blank account books, can be executed in
a style of strength and elegance equal to
any in the United States. May 27

French Creek Boarding School.

The following is published for the infor-
mation of Parents:

HAVING long believed that a School
on a plan different from most others
in many respects, would be beneficial to
society, and apprehending that with all
its cares, and the responsibility insepara-
ble from such a concern, I could more
cheerfully devote my time to the educa-
tion of children than to any other busi-
ness, I have concluded to establish a
BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
With this view I have purchased the
FRENCH CREEK FARM, four miles east
of the yellow springs, on the Norristown
and Philadelphia road, situated in Pike-
land and Vincent townships, Chester
county, twenty-seven miles from Phila-
delphia, combining many conveniences
for the support of such an institution;
and having let the farm, etc. in a way
calculated to supply the family with pro-
visions, I propose to devote my attention,
with the aid of suitable assistants, to the
education of the children who may be
placed under my care.

In selecting the pupils, it is not propo-
sed to be governed entirely by their ages,
nor to require that they shall all be mem-
bers of the religious society of Friends;
but as the school rules will be very few
in number and very simple, it is my wish
that none may be sent contrary to their
own inclination, nor any one who would
not be likely to be good examples to the
other scholars, and treat them with kind-
ness and affection.

The price for board and tuition will be
two hundred Dollars per annum, on
quarter always to be paid in advance—
no restrictions respecting the kind of
clothing are intended, nor respecting the
frequency of the changes that parents
may require; the washing will be charged
at the ordinary price per dozen—
children may be admitted for one quar-
ter only, and such as are entered for a
longer period, may nevertheless be re-
moved at the expiration of any quarter.
The communication with Philadelphia
will be frequent and easy by stage, and a
house of entertainment kept by the far-
mer for the accommodation of persons
having business at the school.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Eng-
lish Grammar, Geography and the use
of Maps and globes, will be taught, to-
gether with such other branches as the pro-
gress of the children and experience may
render expedient. The school to open
the first of the 5th month next. For fur-
ther information apply to Edward Sta-
bler, Alexandria, or to
EMMOR KIMBER.
24 mo 21 Su

District of Columbia, to wit:
Alexandria county, April term, 1846.

IN CHANCERY.
The Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria—
Complainant,
VERSUS
Thomas W. Peyton and Wm. H. Dundas
—Defendants.

THE defendant, Thomas W. Peyton,
not having entered his appearance
and given security according to the sta-
tute and the rules of this court; and it
appearing to the satisfaction of the court
upon affidavit that the said Thomas W.
Peyton is not an inhabitant of this dis-
trict.—On motion of the said complain-
ants by their counsel, it is ordered, That
the said defendant Thomas W. Peyton
do appear here on the 1st day of the next
court and enter his appearance to the
suit, and give security for performing the
decrees of the court; and that the other
defendant Wm. H. Dundas, does not pay
away, convey or secrete the debts by him
owing to, or the estate or effects in his
hands belonging to the said absent de-
fendant Thomas W. Peyton, until the
further order or decree of this court;—
and that a copy of this order be forthwith
published for two months successively in
one of the public newspapers published
in this county, and that another copy be
posted at the front door of the courthouse
of said county.
Test, G. DENEALE, C. C.

COHEN'S OFFICE, BALTIMORE:
Highest Prize, 250,000 Dolls.

**SPLENDID LOTTERY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND.**

10,000 Tickets only—no Prize less than One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars,
AND ALL PAYABLE IN CASH AT THE BRANCH

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

GRAND SCHEME.
1 Prize of 250,000 is \$250,000
1 Prize of 100,000 100,000
1 Prize of 50,000 50,000
2 Prizes of 20,000 40,000
2 Prizes of 10,000 20,000
10 Prizes of 5,000 50,000
100 Prizes of 1,000 100,000
300 Prizes of 500 15,000
3000 Prizes of 125 375,000
10000 Tickets at \$100 is \$1,000,000
The whole to be completed in 20 days draw-
Prizes paid 60 days after the com-
pletion, subject to a deduction of 20
per cent. including the state tax.

STATIONARY PRIZES AS FOLLOW:
1st day, the first drawn No. D.5,000
2d day, 5 first drawn Nos. 1,000
3d day, the first drawn No. 5,000
4th day, 10 first drawn Nos. 1,000
5th day, the first drawn No. 10,000
6th day, 5 first drawn Nos. 1,000
7th day, the first drawn No. 5,000
8th day, the first drawn No. 20,000
9th day, the first drawn No. 5,000
10th day, the first drawn No. 20,000
11th day, 5 first drawn Nos. 1,000
12th day, 10 first drawn Nos. 5,000
13th day, the first drawn No. 1,000
14th day, 5 first drawn Nos. 1,000
15th day, the first drawn No. 100,000
16th day, the first drawn No. 5,000
17th day, the first drawn No. 250,000
20th day, 20 first drawn Nos. 1,000

MANAGERS.
JOHN B. DAVIDGE, MAXWELL McDOWELL,
ELISHA DE BUTTS, AND
NATHANIEL POTTER, SAMUEL BAKER.
TREASURERS.
JAMES W. McCULLOH, HUGH W. EVANS.

In submitting the above **SPLENDID SCHEME** to the public, the confidence which
its peculiar merit is so highly calculated to inspire, is not the only principle by which
the Managers are guided. It is true, the unparalleled magnitude and number of the
HIGH PRIZES, and the general advantages which it presents to purchasers, constitute
a character too captivating to be viewed with indifference. But the managers are more-
over animated by a spirit commensurate with the importance of the great object to be ac-
complished, and no attention on their part will be neglected necessary to the success of
an enterprise undertaken for the purpose of establishing an institution to include in its
operations the cultivation and diffusion of all the Sciences.

Whole Tickets, D100 Quarters, D25 Eighths, D12 50 Sixteenths, D6 25
Halves, 50 2 Fifths, 20 2 Tenths, 10 00 20 Twentieths, 5 00

TO BE HAD IN THE GREATEST VARIETY OF NUMBERS, AT

COHEN'S

Lottery & Exchange Office, No. 116 Market-st. Baltimore!

Where have been obtained in the late Lotteries, capitals of 50,000's—40,000's—
30,000's—20,000's—10,000's—5,000's dollars, &c. &c. and where more capital prizes
have been sold than at any other office in America.

ORDERS for Tickets and Shares in the above Grand Scheme, enclosing the Cash or
Prize Tickets in any of the Lotteries (past paid), will meet with the most prompt at-
tention, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, Jr.
110 Market-street, Baltimore.

In order to give the earliest information respecting the fate of Tickets, those who
purchase at Cohen's Office to the amount of Fifty Dollars, will be furnished during the
drawing with the "Lottery Register," which is published weekly, and will contain the
Managers' official list of all the Numbers, Blanks and Prizes drawn each day.
* Adventurers who wish to be served with the Register, will please state the same
at the time they forward their orders. Baltimore, August 27.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Alexan-
dria Academy, held on the 21st of Au-
gust, 1846:
The following Address to the citizens of the
town, was adopted by the Board, and or-
dered to be published.

The trustees of the Alexandria Academy,
impressed in common with their fel-
low-citizens with the great and lasting im-
portance of education, especially to a peo-
ple whose fundamental principles of gov-
ernment are those of equal liberty, justice
and order, on the support of which rest all
our republican institutions, and from which
flow public as well as private happiness,
have at different times made various efforts
to place the Academy upon a more useful
and respectable establishment, than it has
heretofore been. They have with regret
seen their well meant efforts fail, for want
of that support which all who wish well to
their beloved offspring ought to afford.

The trustees cannot continue their ef-
forts to sustain the Academy, without other
means than those they have heretofore pos-
sessed. They would therefore respectfully
hy-represent to their fellow-citizens of the
town, the necessity there is of some effort
on their part to enable the trustees to make
such a change in the house and institution,
as will render them generally useful.

The form of the house is inconvenient:
it is in such a state of decay as to be unfit
for use, and is a discredit to the town. The
institution requires certain necessary appa-
ratus, and additional instructors. To effect
these objects, funds are necessary, which
cannot, as experience has clearly shown,
be raised solely from the price of tuition.
It is confidently believed that the trustees
in making this appeal to the parental feel-
ings and liberality of the citizens of the
town, will not appear in vain, especially
when they reflect, that by placing the Aca-
demy in their own town on a respectable
footing, they will be relieved in a great
measure from the necessity of sending their
children to distant places for instruction, at
a much greater expense than that at which
they could be educated at home, and in too
many instances at the very dear price of the
loss of their moral principles.

The law incorporating the Academy de-
clares that all persons, and their respective
heirs, who shall contribute five pounds to
the use of the Academy, shall have the right
to vote at all elections of trustees.
Trusting that every citizen who values
the blessing of education, the good of so-
ciety, and the happiness and respectability
of his children, will contribute liberally to

wards so desirable an object, the trustees
have appointed some of their own body to
wait upon their fellow-citizens with a sub-
scription paper for that purpose.
By order,
WILLIAM H. WILMER, President.

The following gentlemen constitute the
Board of Trustees for the present year:
Rev. Wm. H. Wilmer, Messrs Hugh Smith,
Rev. Oliver Norrish, George Taylor,
Rev. Elias Harrison, John Janney,
Hon. William Cranch, Anthony C. Crease,
Messrs. Edm. I. Lee, Thos. Foxwell,
Thos. Swann, and
J. Hoffman, I. P. Thompson.
August 24 1w

PROPOSALS
For publishing by subscription
The Constitution and Regulations of the
Society of Ancient Masons,
in Virginia,
CONTAINING
1. The constitution and laws of the Grand
Lodge of Virginia, published in the new
Alhiman Rison, in 1791.
2. Such regulations of a general and perma-
nent nature, as have been passed by the
Grand Lodge since the publication of
the Alhiman Rison, up to 11th Decem-
ber, 1817.
3. A methodical digest of the constitution
and regulations now in force, drawn from
the foregoing sources, with notes of re-
ference; and a copious index.
By JAMES HENDERSON,
Master of the Manchester Lodge, No. 14.
CONDITIONS.
The above work will be published on
good paper and well defined type.
The price to subscribers will be 1 dol.
75 cents in boards, or 2 dollars bound.
Subscriptions received at this office.

Stationary.
JUST received and for sale by the sub-
scribers, the following articles of very
superior quality—
Black lead pencils
Quills
Penknives
Pocket-books
Mathematical instruments
Copy and cyphering books, record books,
and other blank books of every description;
with every article in the stationary line.—
Orders for blank books executed with ele-
gance and dispatch.
JAMES KENNEDY & SON.
July 21 1w

That castle-building may be so perfectly brought to a state of subserviency to the will of a man of powerful imagination, as to be a comfortable refuge from the tediousness of solitude, and a valuable specific against ennui, I have often experienced. Nay, that its pleasures are so directly positive, that they have the power to withdraw sensible men from what to many people personages seems a vast indulgence, I mean insipid conversation, is a truth of which I have frequent evidence in an acquaintance, who when conversation begins to flag in interest, and either from too much use of it, or the shallowness of the containing vessels, appears to be getting near the dregs, either takes his hat and walks into the roads, or goes into another room, where, undisturbed, he may commune with himself, and promenade from corner to corner, fall to work upon the erection of any sized castle that suits his whim at the moment, to live in. It is indeed much oftener a cottage, and that of the humble kind, than a castle that he chooses to build; but he always takes care to dispose of the superfluities which he trims from the statelier edifice, in making fine gardens, and fruit and pleasure grounds, in the ordering and decoration of which he has no small share of skill. Constant practice has given him such dominion over his imagination in this way, that he can build large edifices at a moment's warning with the greatest ease, and see them vanish again in a moment without pain; and he often assures me that he can with no effort save that of the will, expend a hundred thousand dollars in improvements, and after they have disappeared, resume them again in perfect repair. When I have remarked upon the total inutility of such an employment of his mind and time, he has more than once puzzled me by inviting me to point out to him any thing in the whole round of human life more substantial. "The Duke of Orleans," (he would ask,) built the *palais royal*, and how long was it before it vanished.—My castles, (said he,) are built without guilt or expense—no widow or orphan ever paid a pang or a tear towards the erection of them—they vanish—and I live after them and raise new ones in various forms; but Monsieur Egalite's *palais royal*, was banished from him at the word of command of the jacobins, and their wand was the slider of the guillotine:—which do you think the better builder?

In fact, when the mind is employed in this way, every repeated exertion sharpens its powers, and aids the facility of invention. It proceeds regularly to work, fixes upon a scene which it peoples with different individuals, perhaps of its own creation, discriminates each of them by a separate character, forms a plot, perhaps, without a beginning, a middle, and an end, and draws all the circumstances from a knowledge of real life and nature, heightened by the study of ideal perfection; and whether the picture represent a conversative piece, a comedy, a tragedy, a farce, or a romance, in so far as the imagination is exerted in creating, or in forming new arrangements, its energy will be increased, and its activity improved. ALVANSCHAN'S castle-building on the strength of his basket of glasses, and the result of it, in the Arabian Nights Entertainments, is a picture of what often passes in real life.

By exercises of the kind I allude to, not only the fancy is strengthened, but the other faculties of the mind are improved. During these visionary intellectual repasts, the judgment makes numerous discriminations, the memory is continually exerted, and the moral sense has frequent opportunities of giving a decision. Few, if any, are so bad as to be wicked in fancy; when temptations to vice are absent, and selfish purposes do not interfere, the human heart will obey its natural dictates, and uniformly set a fair, upright, and honorable part.—During the reveries of the imagination, the distresses of the unfortunate are mitigated or relieved—the worthy are rewarded by generosity—justice and oppression beget the swell of indignation—and pity weeps over the wound which it cannot cure.

By persevering in this habit of creating fictitious scenes, the moral taste will be rectified and confirmed, every particular virtue will be strengthened, and a system of morals, formed upon ideal perfection, will in due time be completed in the mind. Upon this sublime model the fancy will uniformly proceed in all its delineations, and the force of habit will cause this system to take such deep root in the affections as not to be easily eradicated.

What is more natural or more probable than that those principles upon which the mind acted in the scenes of fiction, will be transferred to real life?—What is more

probable than that a person who has derived so much delight from all that is grand and beautiful in imaginary conduct, will even wish to realise the fond vision, and again participate his former satisfaction under a new shape? Will not the same motives and the same circumstances again have weight, and actuate his mind anew? Will an ingenious mind, accustomed to entertain the most elevated sentiments, act so inconsistently with itself, and degrade its worth by a shameful departure from the laudable principles by which it was formerly actuated?—Powerful indeed must be the circumstances which can occasion such a dereliction. In common situations, self-respect, the energetic guardian of virtue, will interfere to prevent a course of conduct that would sink the heart in its own estimation, and continually mortify it with the consciousness of having, in lieu of base or inadequate gratifications, sacrificed principles which must be applauded, and pleasures which it had experienced to be genuine.

The excessive pleasure attending this indulgence of the imagination, frequently induces young persons possessed of warm fancies to enjoy it in too great a degree.—When this is the case, many bad consequences follow. It unfits the mind for acting with proper energy and prudence in real life, enervates the character, and gives the person the air of an Arcadian shepherd.—His soul shrinks at every unexpected or unmerited calamity. Instead of enjoying such humble pleasures as the world in general affords, he despises them, because they are not so exquisite nor so frequent as he has brought himself to expect—turns peevish—exclaims against mankind and their follies—gives up active connexions with real life—turns misanthrope, and sinks into a state of torpidity; a burthen to himself, and an useless member of society. Young persons, therefore, ought to guard against indulging their minds in these enthusiastic reveries.—When, however, they are properly directed by good sense, and founded upon real life, without romantic exaggeration or unnatural incidents, they render the individual much more agreeable, warm-hearted, generous and interesting than mere worldlings bound to the earth by calculating selfishness can by any possibility ever hope to be.

CURIO.

The Marshal of this District has received an order from the President of the United States, directing, that the sentence of death passed on John Alexander and Joseph Thompson here shall be executed on the 25th day of September.

[Balt. Gaz.]

On Wednesday the 26th ultimo, Com. Taylor, lately commander of the fleet of Buenos Ayres, as Admiral, and who had just arrived in New York from Baltimore, was arrested by process issuing out of the Circuit Court of the United States, on two suits instituted against him by a Spanish gentleman, named Don Juan Juando, while the Commodore commanded the *El Patriota*, (formerly the Fourth of July), alleged to have been fitted out in Baltimore. Taylor not being able to find bail, was kept in custody by the Marshal. On Thursday morning two suits were commenced in the Admiralty Court against Taylor, by the Spanish Consul, on behalf of the owners of two vessels, which he had captured—and the Consul being advised to proceed also in the Admiralty, in the case of Juan Juando, for the trespass &c. the causes in the Circuit Court were discontinued, and a new suit in the Admiralty instituted. The damages in the three causes are laid at 90,000 dollars.

From the Democratic Press.

BANK OF UNITED STATES.
The principal reason urged in favor of establishing the bank of United States, was to give to the Union a generally circulating medium. This was the ground upon which the advocates of the bank took their stand—this was the reason which carried their charter through Congress.—It appears from the following Circular just now (11 o'clock.) put into our hands, that this reason is null, void, and of no effect. The notes of the bank of United States are no longer to be a medium which will freely circulate through the United States. The bank itself refuses to take, even in payment of debts due to the bank, the notes which are issued from the offices of Discount and Deposit which the bank itself has established!!!

The Branches refuse to receive the notes issued by the U. States Bank, and thus the circulation of the notes of the Bank, and of the branches are narrowed down, and limited to the immediate districts in which they are established. Remittances can no longer be made in United States Bank Notes. Shaving and Brokering are again to be the order of the day, and the interests and happiness of the community are to be prostrated at the feet of a powerful Monied Institution. We have not time to enter more at large upon this deeply interesting subject. It would be wrong, however, to close this hasty note, without sta-

tting that all the state banks refuse any longer to take the Branch notes of the Bank of the United States. Why should they give a credit to offices of a bank, when the bank which established them refuses to take their notes. If this be not discrediting their own notes, and rendering themselves odious and unpopular, we know not what measures will, or can produce these effects.

[COPY OF A CIRCULAR.]

Bank of the United States, Aug. 28, 1818.
SIR,—I am directed to inform you, that the notes of this bank, which are made payable at its several offices of Discount and Deposit, will not be received at this bank, after this day; except in payment of debts due to the United States. Such notes, however, of the offices, as your bank may have received, during this day, will be received in exchange, to-morrow morning.

(Signed) JONA. SMITH, Cashier.

Cashier — Bank.

From the Franklin Gazette.

CREEK INDIANS.

EXTRACT FROM A JOURNAL WRITTEN IN THE CREEK NATION OF INDIANS.

(Continued.)

An Indian is at home in any part of the forest; he carries with him parched corn pulverised, and at night, if he has shot nothing, he cooks his parched corn with water alone, which although insipid to the taste, is exceedingly nutritious, and sleeps in the open air. If he intends encamping for several days, or the weather is bad, he strips the bark from a pine tree and makes a shelter that secures him from rain.

I passed where a little girl had been shot through the arm, and scalped, notwithstanding which she is in a fair way to recover. Scalping is a custom among these people, when they have killed or wounded an enemy, by making a circle round the top of the head with a knife, and stripping off the skin; this is generally followed by a coup-de-grace with the tomahawk. Scalps are trophies held in great esteem among them, and he who can produce the greatest number is entitled to the high honors awarded a great warrior, a title of much distinction among them. Frequent instances have occurred of recovery of persons who have been scalped, when the other wounds they have received were slight. During the war of the revolution, and in the last war, the Indians employed by the British government received their compensation in a stipulated price for each scalp they produced. I am sorry to say that the practice of scalping is sometimes adopted by our frontier militia.

The facility with which an Indian can discover the track or trail of man or beast, is really surprising; where an inexperienced observer is unable to discover that either have passed, an Indian will trace the marks with unerring accuracy, and be able to tell how many there were, and how long it has been since they passed. On all subjects that it is indispensably necessary for them to have an acquaintance with, in the prosecution of their wars, or in the pursuit of their game, they discover an acuteness and sagacity very surprising, considering their ignorance on abstract subjects.

General Gaines has had a narrow escape—when General Jackson arrived at Hartford, Gen. Gaines, anxious to prepare his brigade for movement, and fearful that the officer commanding at Fort Scott, should, unaware of the approach of supplies, abandon his post, resolved on making the hazardous attempt of reaching the Fort. The Flint river, on which Fort Scott is situated, was at this time very much swollen, and its current exceedingly rapid and wide. He embarked on board a boat with two officers and twelve men. He had proceeded down the river but 70 miles, when his boat struck upon a stump on an Island then overflowed by water; the boat filled but luckily did not sink. It was night; major Wright and two soldiers immediately attempted to swim ashore, but they perished in the attempt.—The General remained on the boat about one hour; he then prepared himself to swim, and started with five soldiers and a strong active Indian named Billy. The current was extremely rapid, and they had half a mile to swim. The Indian had torn a piece of board from the boat to which he attached a string, that he carried in his teeth, and by that means rendered the Gen. great assistance. They reached the shore, with the loss of three out of the seven that started. General Gaines hailed the boat and informed major Nicks of the loss he had sustained, in consequence of which, those who survived remained on the wreck until day, when they all except one, reached the shore, opposite to that on which the General had landed.

General Gaines now found himself naked, without food, in a wilderness, surrounded by hostile Indians, who would immediately put him to death if they discovered him. He decided on endeavoring to reach Fort Scott, distant as he imagined 35 miles; but he soon became weak, sick, exhausted, and unable to proceed. He dispatched the Indian and a soldier, to endeavor to reach Fort Scott and bring him assistance and an escort. After waiting with an anxiety that may be readily imagined, a sufficient time to have returned, he began to apprehend that either Fort Scott had been abandoned, or that the Indian had been destroyed in attempting to reach it. He determined therefore to endeavor to reach an Indian settlement, distant about 50 miles, although doubtful whether it was a friendly or a hostile one. He wrote on the sand a statement of the route he had taken, intending if the Indian should return, that he might be able to find him, and in his weak, exhausted state proceeded. He had no guide but the river, and his path was intersected by creeks that he had to swim, and swamps to wade through. He was compelled to travel very cautiously, the wood being filled with hostile Indians, and unable to make a fire, and without clothes, he suffered much from the cold; he was without any arms but a penknife, with which he cut cloths for himself and the soldier, and he had determined, should he meet with but two or three Indians in a body, he would attack and endeavor to take their arms.—He frequently saw tracks of the savage enemy, and more than once warned himself at fires they had just quitted. At length, after being four days without tasting a mouthful of food, he reached an Indian village; he found the warriors had all left it, and was received with great coldness by an old squaw, to whose hut he first went, and from whom with much difficulty he procured a breakfast. It is remarkable, that although the general and his soldier had been four days without food, yet when some cooked venison was placed before them, they felt little disposition to eat, and experienced no inconvenience from long abstinence.—The general proceeded, and soon after joined the army.

(To be continued.)

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship Ann, Crocker, arrived at New-York in 30 days from Liverpool, London papers to the 25th July, and a Liverpool paper of the 27th, have been received.

"The most important article of news contained in these papers" says the Evening Post, "is an order of the British government to their cruisers, to capture and bring in all armed vessels found on the high seas, pretending to have South American commissions, under which they rob and commit outrages upon British property."

London, July 24.

MOST IMPORTANT DOCUMENT.

We are happy to hear that the audacity of the pirates, who have during the last year so much interrupted the trade of this country, under the pretence of the hostilities, between Spain and her colonies, has at last attracted the attention of our government—and that orders have been issued to bring these offenders to justice. We annex a copy of what we understand to be a circular order to our admirals on foreign stations, on this important subject, and we have little doubt that they will not be slow in carrying these instructions into effect, as they have been eye-witnesses of the interruptions to which our trade has been exposed by these marauders, and which we have been so often obliged to notice. Our readers will see that of course these orders do not apply to the *bona fide* property of any State or Government whatsoever, but only to those who make a pretence of the South American troubles, to carry on a war of plunder upon the trade of all nations, and particularly of that nation whose trade is the most important and extensive.

June 8, 1818.

"Whereas we have received information, that under colour of hostilities subsisting between his Catholic Majesty and certain provinces or parts of provinces in Spanish America, divers armed ships or vessels, not belonging to and fitted out and set forth in the dominions of his Catholic Majesty, or the said provinces or parts of provinces, but having, or pretending to have, commissions of war or letters of marque from his Catholic Majesty, or persons assuming to exercise the powers of government of the said provinces or parts of provinces in Spanish America, have committed divers piratical acts and outrages against the vessels and goods of his majesty's subjects; you are hereby authorised and required to issue instructions to the commanders of the ships and vessels under your orders, on credible information of any piratical act or outrage committed on the high seas on any British ship or goods, by any such armed ship or vessel, as aforesaid, to seize and detain such armed ship or vessel, and send her, together with her master and crew, in safe custody, to England; or to some port in his Majesty's Colonies, where a Court is established for the trial of offences committed on the high seas, together with such witnesses as may be necessary to prove the act so charged to have been committed by such ship or vessel, in order that the master and crew who may have committed any such piratical act or outrage, may be dealt with according to law."

Paris, July 14.

A serious affray took place here a very few days ago, between three English gentlemen and two French officers of the king's guard. I am happy, however, to say, that it ended without bloodshed, although with much abuse on both sides.—The particulars that have come to my knowledge are these: Capt Vantreuil, a French officer, was paying his addresses to a young lady of respectability in an English family resident in this city, when Messrs. H—, D—, and A—, visited. Captain V— began to be jealous of certain attentions he fancied that Mr. H— was paying to Miss L—: at first, it is said, that captain V— remonstrated, but

whether the fact was, that the lady preferred her countryman, it is certain that she pretended to resent his suspicious conduct, and in return appeared to give some encouragement to them, by receiving Mr. H— with more than ordinary civility. The French officer could not endure the slight, but waited an opportunity (in company with a friend also in the army,) of insulting Mr. H—. This he did on the Boulevard, near the Rue de la Paix, by trampling on his toes. Mr. H— was in company with his friends D— and A—, and immediately struck his antagonist, who returned the blow with a stick; he was supported by his companion, but the English were soon victorious. The consequences have been that Capt. Vantreuil sent a challenge to Mr. H— and his two friends, and a meeting was accordingly appointed. Three duels were fought by the French officer with Messrs. H—, D—, and A—, but he did not succeed in wounding any of them, nor was he himself hurt, although a part of the feather of his cap was shot away by the ball of Mr. D—.

LETTERS FROM ASIA.

Extract from a series of letters, written by an American gentleman while in Asia, to his friend in Boston. "The writer unfortunately died by the plague, on his passage from Alexandria, in Egypt, to Constantinople, in a Grecian vessel."

[Boston Patriot.

[No. 12.]
The baths, situated in various parts of the city of Smyrna, are frequented by all classes of people, but mostly by the Turks, who consider them absolutely necessary, to eradicate the imaginary impurities received by the body, from touching any thing pronounced by their religion as unclean.

The plague having subsided, I visited one in the vicinity of the Christian bazar, near Frank-street, more from curiosity than from any belief I then had in its utility.

I entered by a large arched door into a building composed entirely of stone. The front room, equal in size to a small church, was filled with sofas, having some on each side, of a superior quality, solely for the use of Turks of the first rank, European merchants residing in the city, and strangers.

My first care was to select from a number of naked Greek, a suitable person to rub my body, which being effected, I undressed, although exposed to passengers in the street, and about forty Turks who were occupied, in a manner similar to myself, others in dressing, while the residue were either asleep, or praying.

Cotton cloths were then fastened around my waist, a turban placed on my head, and mounting a pair of wooden shoes, I was led by my guide into a room made excessively hot by fires under the building, where I sat down, and amused myself about 5 minutes with a cup of coffee, and a pipe.

Thence I was led to the great bath, being a circular room about one third larger than the first; having an arch extending over the whole, perforated with holes like a honey comb. Here the heat became so excessive, that it was with difficulty I could breathe, and I actually feared suffocation, till I was relieved by a profuse perspiration. On a marble circular slab in the centre of the room, raised about one foot from the floor, were several Turks going through the various ceremonies of the place, while about twenty other small slabs, at equal distances, placed against the walls, were mostly occupied in a similar manner.

On one I was directed to lie down, when my Greek commenced cracking the joints of the bones in my arms and legs, which rather tended to create laughter than pain, but when he placed his knee on my breast bone, I endeavored to extricate myself from his grasp, but finding it vain, and observing from his smiles that he intended no harm, I permitted him to crack that also: He then put on a pair of mittens composed of horse hair, and rubbed me from head to foot, turning me over from one side to the other with as little ceremony as he would have used with a log.

One hour had nearly elapsed without any water being used, and I began to suspect that it would be dispensed with, but I soon found myself laboring under a mistake, for the moment he had ceased rubbing, he almost drowned me with warm water, pouring about ten buckets full on my head. He then washed my hair and body with soap suds, and finally drenched me with another deluge of water.

When I arose, he cast off my wet clothes and turban, replacing others that were dry, having previously wiped me with warm towels, and led me to the intermediate room, which felt quite cold, where I again remained several minutes drinking coffee and smoking, in order to cool as gradually as I became heated; when entering the room where I had undressed, I lay down on a sofa, covered myself, with blankets, and beguiled an hour in smoking from a long pipe which was presented me as a great mark of respect.

MILITARY FACT.

During the late war, an officer who had the command of a picket or outpost guard, which was not more than a mile distant from the advance guards of the enemy, was informed that one of his sentinels had got very much intoxicated. He ordered him to be relieved and brought before him, and proceeded to interrogate the drunken soldier, and finally asked him "whether he did not know the consequences of getting drunk on duty, more especially when he was posted in front of the enemy?" The soldier hiccuped out "that he knew he had done wrong—but, Lieutenant, I hope that you who are a printer, will excuse me, for I am a printer myself, and you know that my offence is quite professional.—Ind. Balance.

Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of TUCKER & WHEELWRIGHT, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. (Those having claims will please present them for adjustment, and those indebted make immediate payment to EZEKIEL WHEELWRIGHT, who is fully authorized to settle the business of the concern. JOHN TUCKER, EZEKIEL WHEELWRIGHT, September 3

Exchange Coffee-House MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...September 2.

ARRIVED.
Schnr Mark-Time, Starks, 5 days from New-York, with a full cargo of dry goods, groceries, &c. to merchants of the District. On Friday last, off the Capes of Virginia, saw a 74 gun ship, and a frigate in Co. apparently Spanish.
Schnr George Washington, Jackson, 60 hours from Norfolk, with a cargo of staves, to the masters. In the Potomac, passed a deep loaded sloop, bound up.
Schnr Mary, Clements, from Baltimore; whisky, &c. to merchants of the district.

Sloop Abeona, Knapp, cl. at New-York 31st inst. for this port.

Brig Lion, Scott, hence, ar. at Liverpool 22d July.

Schnr Eliza, Weeks, at New-York 31st ult. up for this port.

Ship Potomac, Bradford, hence, at Liverpool 27th July.

State of the Weather.—At 2 p. m. 30 deg.

Mr. Snowden.

SIR—I saw in your paper of the 29th, that Mr. William Stoops says he means to take no further notice of my publications. I wish he had taken no notice of my timber that he bore off so clandestinely: then I should not had the trouble of advertising him. The timber he bore off was in the State of Maryland, and he lives in Virginia, therefore I had to sue him in Alexandria, otherwise I should have presented him to the grand jury. The reason I made it public is, I intend to apply for a writ of replevy to regain back my timber.

ANDREW BARTLE.

Fredericksburgh, Va. September 3 3t

This day is published,

AND for sale at the bookstore of JAMES KENNEDY & SON,

The Controversy between M.

B. & Quero,

which appeared in the Alexandria newspapers in the year 1817, on some points of

ROMAN CATHOLICISM:

To which is added AN APPENDIX, containing a brief notice of Luther—of indulgences—of the Inquisition—and of the Order of the Jesuits.

BY A PROTESTANT.

Price in boards one dollar Sept 3

Gunpowder.

A SUPPLY of "Butts" best tower proof British gunpowder in canisters and kegs, is just received and for sale by R. & J. MANDEVILLE.

Sept 3

Pickling Vinegar.

I HAVE at my Vinegar Yard on Fairfax street, opposite the first Presbyterian Church, a large quantity of

Very choice Cider Vinegar,

which I will warrant.—And which I will sell by the barrel at 25 cents per gallon—and by the single gallon at 33 cents.

I have a considerable number of empty cider barrels for sale, which I will sell cheap.

Attention will be given from 9 in the morning until 5 in the evening.

JOHN T. BROOKS.

September 3

John H. Ladd & Co.

HAVE just received by schooner Mark-Time,

20 casks large grained powder tower 10 fine do do do 5 musket do do 5 containing 25 canisters each

This powder is of the very first quality London tower proof, and the large grained is of extra strength, manufactured expressly for duck shooting. Also, 24 hampers Bristol Bottles.

September 3

Mechanics' Bank of Alex'a.

September 1, 1818.
THE stockholders of this institution are hereby notified, that a dividend of 34 per cent is this day declared for the last half year, on the Capital Stock paid in, payable to them or their legal representatives, on Friday the 11th inst.

By order of the Board.

P. H. MINOR, Cash'r.

September 1

Houses to Rent.

The house on Fairfax-st. occupied by Mr. Conway—the house on Water-st. the late residence of Mr. Lee—and a house on Alfred-st. near Cameron-st. formerly Mr. Troop's, a good and genteel house for a small family, are now for rent. A. HOLBROOK, thmtl

September 3

Notice.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Charles County in the state of Maryland, has obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. ADAMS, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, passed by the Orphans Court, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of November next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate—and those indebted are required to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 15th day of July 1818.

ELIZA W. ADAMS, Executrix of Wm. ADAMS, deceased.

September 3

Cogniac Brandy, &c.

FIVE pipes high 4th proof cogniac brandy, just received per Alonzo.—For sale by SAM'L MESSERSMITH, who has in store 25 bags prime green coffee 160 bbls kiln-dried corn meal 500 reams wrapping paper 600 boxes mould candles assorted sizes 4 hds Virginia tobacco 2 cases gum copal, &c.

September 1

whether the fact was that the lady preferred her countryman, it is certain that she pretended to resent his suspicious conduct, and in return appeared to give some encouragement to them, by receiving Mr. H. with more than ordinary civility. The French officer could not endure the slight, but waited an opportunity (in consulting Mr. H. about the army) of insulting him. This he did on the Boulevard, near the Rue de la Paix, by company with his friends D. and A. and immediately struck his antagonist, who returned the blow with a stick; he was supported by his companion, but the English were soon victorious. The consequences have been that Capt. Vantreuil sent a challenge to Mr. H. and his two friends, and a meeting was accordingly appointed. Three duels were fought by the French officer with Messrs. D. and A. and any of them, nor was he himself hurt, although a part of the feather of his cap was shot away by the ball of Mr. D.

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MILITARY FACT. During the late war, an officer who had command of a picket or outpost guard, which was not more than a mile distant from the advance guards of the enemy, was informed that one of his gentlemen had got much intoxicated. He ordered him to be relieved and brought before him, and proceeded to interrogate the drunken soldier, and finally asked him "whether he did not know the consequences of getting drunk, more especially when he was in front of the enemy?" The soldier replied that he knew he had done so, but, lieutenant, I hope that you are a printer, will excuse me, for I am not myself, and you know that my eye is quite professional.—Ind. Balance.

Notice.

E co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of TUCKER & WHEELWRIGHT, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. Those having claims against the partnership are requested to present them to the undersigned, who will make immediate payment, or to the undersigned, who will be authorized to settle the business of the firm.

JOHN TUCKER.
WHEELWRIGHT.

September 3

September 3

September 3

September 3

September 3

September 3

Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, September 2. ARRIVED. Schur Mark-Tine, Starks, 5 days from New-York, with a full cargo of dry goods, groceries, &c. to merchants of the District. On Friday last, off the Capes of Virginia, saw a 74 gun ship, and a frigate in Co. apparently Spanish.

Schr George Washington, Jackson, 60 hours from Norfolk, with a cargo of staves, to the master. In the Potomac, passed a deep loaded sloop, bound up. Schr Mary, Clements, from Baltimore; whisky, &c. to merchants of the district.

Sloop Abeona, Knapp, cl. at New-York 31st inst. for this port. Brig Lion, Scott, hence, ar. at Liverpool 22d July.

Schr Eliza, Weeks, at New-York 31st ult. up for this port. Ship Potomac, Bradford, hence, at Liverpool 27th July.

State of the Weather.—At 2 p. m. 30 deg.

Mr. Snowden.

SIR—I saw in your paper of the 29th, that Mr. William Stoops says he means to take no further notice of my publications. I wish he had taken no notice of my timber that he bore off so clandestinely; then I should not have had the trouble of advertising him. The timber he bore off was in the State of Maryland, and he lives in Virginia, therefore I had to sue him in Alexandria, otherwise I should have presented him to the grand jury. The reason I made it public is, I intend to apply for a writ of replevy to regain back my timber.

ANDREW BARTLE.

Fredericksburgh, Va. September 3 3t

This day is published,

AND for sale at the bookstore of

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,

The Controversy between M.

B. & Quero,

which appeared in the Alexandria newspapers in the year 1817, on some points of

ROMAN CATHOLICISM:

To which is added AN APPENDIX, containing a brief notice of Luther's indulgences—the of the Inquisition—and of the Order of the Jesuits.

BY A PROTESTANT.

Price in boards one dollar

Sept 3

Gunpowder.

A SUPPLY of 'Butts' best tower proof British gunpowder in canisters and kegs, is just received and for sale by

R. & J. MANDEVILLE.

Sept 3

Pickling Vinegar.

I HAVE at my Vinegar Yard on Fairfax street, opposite the first Presbyterian Church, a large quantity of

Very choice Cider Vinegar,

which I will warrant.—And which I will sell by the barrel at 25 cents per gallon, and by the single gallon at 33 cents.

I have a considerable number of empty cider barrels for sale, which I will sell cheap.

Attendance will be given from 9 in the morning until 5 in the evening.

JOHN T. BROOKS.

September 3

John H. Ladd & Co.

HAVE just received by schooner Mark-Tine,

20 casks large grained powder tower

10 fine do do do

5 musket do do do

5 containing 25 canisters each

This powder is of the very first quality London tower proof, and the large grained is of extra strength, manufactured expressly for duck shooting. Also,

21 hampers Bristol Bottles.

For Norfolk.

The regular trading schur. GEO. WASHINGTON, captain Jackson, will sail on Sunday, 6th inst. For freight or passage, apply on board at Ramsay's whf. or to

September 3

For South America, the West Indies, or Europe.

The good and fast-sailing brig A. DELONZO, George K. Smith master, will take freight for either of the above places. If not offered, she will take freight for Salem. Apply to the master on board, or to

September 3

For Richmond.

The substantial schooner JANE, Conner, master, will sail in a few days.—For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board at Janney's wharf, or to

September 2

Liverpool Salt and Coals.

THE cargo of brig Nancy & Mary, J. Barnecoat master, from Liverpool, 4500 bushels coarse salt

300 do coal ALSO,

The cargo of the ship Maria, Wm. Morrell master, of

3000 bushels coarse Liverpool salt

500 sacks coarse Liverpool salt

4500 bushels Cannel and Orrell coal

For Sale or Freight.

The brig NANCY & MARY, captain Barnecoat, burthen about 2700 barrels, a good vessel, and can be ready for a cargo in a few days.

Also for Freight.

The ship MARIA, Wm. Morrell master, burthen 3500 barrels or 500 hogheads tobacco, in complete order for any voyage.

Also for Freight.

The brig VISITOR, captain Thoma, burthen about 2500 bbls. near vessel, and can be immediately ready for a cargo.

Also for Freight.

The schur THOMAS, capt. Thoma, carries about 800 bbls and will take freight for any eastern port.

For Boston.

The schur ADELIN, capt. Tup take freight low, all this week, and

Sept 1

For Newport, Providence, or any eastern port.

The packet sloop SUPERB, Coffin master, burthen 400 bbls. and is now ready to load. For freight or passage apply to

August 25

Plaster.

RECEIVED per schur Gen'l Green, and for sale by

100 tons plaster

For Boston.

The fast sailing schur GENERAL GREEN, captain Luce, will take 300 bbls freight, and a few passengers, having good accommodations. Apply as above, at Vowell's wharf

August 28

For Boston.

The schur ELIZA ANN, captain Thorndike, is now loading, and will sail in 2 days: 300 bbls will be taken on freight, if offered immediately. Apply to

August 22

For Boston.

The new and substantial schooner THOMAS, Josiah Spalding master; sails well and has half her cargo engaged. For freight of remainder or passage, apply to

August 19

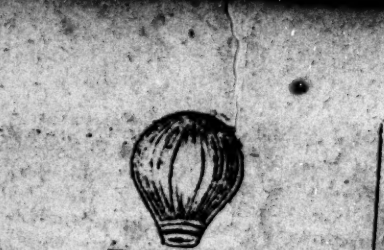
For Amsterdam.

The brig RESOLUTION, William Malcom, master; is an excellent vessel and will commence loading in two days. For freight of a few hogheads, apply to A. C. Cazenove, or

August 27

For Boston.

The good schur. MARY SPEAR, John Spear, junr. master, burthen 800 bbls has part of her cargo provided for freight of remainder or passage apply to



Exhibition, AT THE SPRING GARDENS, OF 2 AIR BALLOONS.

MR. NAPEY, having been requested by several gentlemen to exhibit his balloons a second time, respectfully informs the public that he will raise them on Thursday afternoon, the 3d inst. between 5 and 6 o'clock. The object of this exhibition is to collect something for the support of a numerous and helpless family, who are now left entirely destitute, in consequence of the dispensation of Divine Providence under which I labor. No price is fixed, but it is left to the generosity of those who pass into the enclosure, to leave at the entrance whatever they may please to give.

September 2

Wants a Situation.

AS GARDENER AND STEWARD, A YOUNG MAN, lately from England, who perfectly understands all the various branches of gardening and farming. Letters addressed (post paid) to D. L. S. at this office, will be duly attended to.

September 2

Baltimore Hospital.

24th August, 1818. The board of visitors have much pleasure in announcing to the public, that within the last eighteen months, a large and elegant addition has been made to the East wing of the building. This wing is 152 feet in length and 36 in width, with an extensive Southern projection at its extreme East end. It contains between 30 and 40 apartments, admirably calculated for the accommodation of several large and airy wards, intended particularly for the reception of seamen, and well adapted to their various diseases. These different rooms and wards will be warmed by open fires, and by heated air thrown into them, from furnaces constructed on a safe and improved plan. Arrangements will also soon be made, for lighting the apartments in the entire building, with gas.

The unwearied exertions of Doctors Mackenzie and Smyth, the attending Physicians of the Hospital, in their attention to the construction of the building, and their care of the sick, have given a character to this Institution, which is now inferior to none in the United States. In the short space of six years, a most noble establishment has been erected—a thing without parallel in this country. It is well known, that above half a century has been consumed, in bringing the Hospitals of New-York and Philadelphia to their present size, and it is admitted by many gentlemen, who have visited these Institutions, that the Hospital here, is by far the most 360 feet in length.

The daily increase of the sick in the Hospital renders it absolutely necessary, that the new wing should be furnished, and every exertion is now making, to have it completed, before the cold weather shall set in.

The visitors at their late meeting, examined the Institution with much care—the apartments of the sick in the private infirmary—those in the lunatic asylum—and the wards of the sick and disabled seamen in the Marine Hospital—and they assert with confidence, that the sick and afflicted of every description are well accommodated and carefully attended. They have seen at their different meetings, the private humanity taken care of; the sailor disabled by age, wounds and sickness, well provided with suitable medical assistance, and with every other comfort which his constitution may require. Indeed the agreeable situation in which this very useful class of men are placed, the much credit, as well to the Director of the Marine Hospital, as to the attending Physicians, to whose immediate care they are entrusted. Every praise too, which the visitors can bestow, is due to Mr. & Mrs. Gatchel, the Steward and Matron of the Hospital, for the neat and clean manner in which the House is uniformly kept, and for their care and attention to the administration of the internal economy of the establishment.

Before they conclude this account of the Hospital, the visitors would invite the attention of their fellow citizens throughout the United States, to the Anatomical Cabinet of War Preparations, by Chiappi, which ever exhibited in this country; and will afford to those whose curiosity may lead them to see how "fearfully and wonderfully they are made," but more especially to the medical student, a fund of useful information. The Hospital is under the care of the following medical gentlemen:

Attending Physicians. Dr. Horatio Jones, James Smith, Doctors George Broten, John Coulter, John Campbell White, Solomon Birkhead, John Cromwell, Peter Chatur, Ashton Alexander, John Owen, William Donaldson.

By order of the Board of Visitors, JOHN HILLEN, Sec'y.

August 27

Books and Stationary.

ROBERT GRAY has just received for sale on commission, an invoice of following articles, among which are the

Sir Robert Wilson's sketch of the military and political power of Russia

Phillips's speeches; Shey's bookkeeping

Managers & customs; Accidents of life

Gibson's natural theology

Adams's history of all religions

Notice.

ALL persons having any unsettled accounts with the subscriber, or any demand whatsoever against him (individually) are requested to exhibit the same immediately for adjustment, and all who are indebted to him are earnestly requested to make payment, as he is desirous of closing his particular Books, and accounts of any former transactions unconnected with present business.

August 29

ACADEMY.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs the inhabitants of Alexandria, and Mathematical Academy at Mr. Rudd's, Prince-street, a few doors west of the Farmers' Bank, where youth shall be instructed with care and expedition in the following sciences, in order to qualify them for the various departments in trade and business, viz. In the Mercantile, Naval, and Military. Reading; writing; arithmetic; English grammar; book-keeping; geometry, both plane and solid; mensuration of surfaces and solids; trigonometry, both plane and spherical; surveying; gauging; navigation; dialing; use of the globes, maps, mechanics; gunnery; fortification; fluxions; astronomy; &c. &c.

Applications to be made to Mr. Guy Atkinson, Mr. Wm. Dunlap, or at the academy, where the terms will be made known.

The Academy will open on the 17th inst.

JAS. CADEN

Arithmetic in so compendious a manner, (by lecture) that one figure does the office of ten in the common way; and of course, a regular knowledge of this excellent art.

Book-keeping (by single and double entry) in all its varieties, with general lectures on Domestic, Factorage, and Company Accounts; Accounts of Exchange; Negotiation of bills; covering of cargoes, &c. with calculations, shewing at one view the state of the trader, merchant, factor, and grocer's affairs. These being more closely connected with business than any of the above, occasioned the subscriber to point them out to the public. He also invites the learned to visit the academy at their convenience, and judge for themselves. On the first of October he will open an Evening School, for the accommodation of those whose employment prevent from attending during the day.

August 15

Valuable Estate for Sale.

UNDER the authority of a decree from the Equity Court of Prince George's county, the subscriber will on Wednesday the 25th day of September next, offer at public sale, at the house of Isidore Hardy, in Piscataway, a most valuable property, the Estate of George R. Leiper, Esq. deceased, so well known by the name of MONTPELIER—about 2 miles from Piscataway, 9 miles from Alexandria, and 16 from Washington city.

This farm, which contains rather more than 600 acres, is truly valuable. The soil is fertile and highly susceptible of improvement by the use of clover and plaster. The buildings are good and commodious, and the site of the Mansion, in beauty of perspective and salubrity of air, is excelled by few on Potomac river. To be enabled to appreciate the advantages which result to the possessor of this valuable estate, it is only necessary that it should be viewed, which may be obtained, by application to the subscriber, or Mr. Aquila Baden, the present manager of the farm.

The terms of sale are that the purchaser shall pay one-third in ready money, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond with approved security, and the payment of the sale by the court, and before the trustee thereon due, and not before, the trustee will execute to the purchaser a deed in the terms of the decree. The purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, will have the liberty of seeding a crop of winter grain.

THOMAS MUNDELL, Trustee.

Oakland, near Piscataway, cp(235

August 11

Public Sale.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, on the same day and place above mentioned, 125 acres of land (lying nearly square) adjoining the above farm. It has been enclosed five years, without being cultivated; has 8 or 10 acres well set in timothy, and upwards of 30 in good timber and wood of different kinds. The improvements are a logged quarter and good barn. A part of the land has been well covered and fenced for the five years. Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

HENRY D. HATTON,

Near Piscataway, thstut23dS

August 20

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 3d inst. Negro JEM, about 5 feet 5 inches high, 25 or 26 years of age, stout and well made, except that he is perhaps a little knock-kneed; his complexion dark, has a large scar on the upper lip, occasioned, it is said, by his falling, when a child, on some edged tool; has a down look when spoken to, and is apt to be short and insolent in answering. The clothes he took with him are not recollected, except a red flannel shirt, a pair of Russia duck sailor's trousers, and a coarse wool hat with broad brim, nearly half worn. Having gone off without any provocation, it is probable his intention is to steer his course towards Baltimore or Pennsylvania, and pass for a free man. He has hauled the seine the two last seasons in Pomokeny, where he may have also a little acquainted. If taken 20 miles from home, or out of the county, I will give 20 dollars for securing him in any goal, or if taken 50 miles from home, or out of the state, I will give the above reward of fifty dollars.

Francis Adams.

Nanjemo, Charles co. s&c

July 18

August 28

SALES AT AUCTION.

By P. G. MARSTEDLER.

THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the store-house, upper end of King-street, lately occupied by John Violet, deceased, all the stock in trade of said deceased, consisting of many GROCERIES and DRY GOODS. All of which will be sold without reserve. Terms, &c. made known at sale.

The public are informed that the sale of the warehouse on West and King-streets, advertised to be sold this day, is postponed.—The sale at 4 P.M. of the lot on Fairfax-street, will take place. J. D. PATTERSON.

THIS DAY.

Will be sold on the premises, a lot of ground with the buildings thereon erected, situate upon the east side of Fairfax-street, and to the northward of Gibbon street, and bounded as follows: Beginning on the north side of a 10 foot alley and running eastwardly to a line of said alley 103 feet; thence northwardly and parallel to Fairfax-street 24 feet; thence westwardly and parallel to said alley 103 feet to Fairfax-street; and thence with Fairfax-street to the beginning. This property is in fee simple, and has a vacancy fronting on Fairfax-street sufficient for the erection of an extensive mansion.—Terms made known at place of sale.

JAMES D. PATTERSON.

P. G. MARSTEDLER, Auc'r.

Elegant gilt Looking-glasses.

For sale at the corner of King and Royal streets, Alexandria.

J. HILLER

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of this town, that he has received from his manufactory in Philadelphia, a rich assortment, suitable for family service, at very reduced prices.

Mahogany toilet looking glasses, of every description, and a great variety of ladies' gilt reticule cases; ladies pocket need cases; silver thimbles; bodkins, &c. &c.

On Saturday next, at 10 o'clock, on Saturday next.

By JOHN JACKSON & Co.

On SATURDAY, at 10 A.M.

Will be sold at the new auction rooms, corner of King and Water streets, Baltimore, per schur Mary, consisting of

1 case Bengal stripes

1 furniture china

1 domestic shirtings

1 trunk black florences

1 colored do

1 men's silk coat buttons

ALSO,

Superfine cloths and cassimeres

Common do do

Carriage-ginghams; cambrics; 4-4 checks

Domestic plaids; brown holland

Baflas; garrals; annals; boogalpoora

German linens; Scotch do; vestings

British ginghams; cotton cambrics

Threads of all colors; merino shawls

Levantine, double and single

Leno, jackonett and black muslins

Plain and corded cambrics

Linen cambric; lace veils

Handkerchiefs; cantos do

Bandanna, flag and sissy do

Boxes cotton balls, pins and pack do

Dimities; suspenders; sewing silks

Ribbons various kinds; colored cambrics

Shawls various kinds; florences

Crapes; buck skin and kid gloves

Cotton threads; ginghams

Prunell shoes, &c. &c.

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

For Sale or Rent.

THAT valuable property called CON-
WAY'S WHARF, with the Ware-
houses thereon fronting on Union-street,
are entitled; as well their interest in that
part which has been allotted to Ana Brooke
for her dower, as that part of which the
said widow and heirs are now in possession.
The sale will be made at public auction on
the premises near where the stage road
crosses Dogue Run, on Thursday the 17th
of September next, if fair, if not the next
fair day. The terms are one half cash, the
balance on a credit of twelve months.
WILLIAM H. FOOTE,
BENJAMIN M. BROOKE, Comrs.
August 7 1175

Land for Sale.

I WILL sell from 150 to 300 acres of land,
part of the farm on which I live.—On
said land there is a log house with two
rooms on a floor, a meat house, with sev-
eral other small buildings, an excellent ap-
ple orchard, peaches, pears, quinces, dam-
sons, &c.
DANIEL DULANY.
August 24

For Sale.

THE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

ABOUT eight miles from Martinsburg,
Berkley County, formerly occupied
by Minghinni, and now kept by Brown.
This estate consists of about

420 Acres of Land,

already in good cultivation, and susceptible
of high improvement. The springs are
much resorted to, and the boarding-house
establishment is extremely profitable.—
The buildings have undergone considerable
repair.

As all those disposed to purchase will,
I presume, visit the property, further par-
ticulars are deemed unnecessary.
H. S. G. TUCKER.
Winchester, July 18 2m

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust
from James D. Patterson to me, I shall
at 11 o'clock, on Saturday, the 5th day of
September next, upon the premises, pro-
ceed to sell at public auction for cash, or
upon such credit as may then be agreed on,
a lot of ground, with the buildings
thereon erected, situated on the west
side of West-street, and north side
of King-st. in the town of Alexan-
dria, and described in the said deed as fol-
lows: beginning at a point where the north
line of King-street intersects the west line
of West-street, and extending westwardly
with the line of King-street 19 feet; thence
north and parallel with King-street 100 feet
to a 10 feet alley; thence east and parallel
to King-street 19 feet to West-street;
thence south with West-street 100 feet to
the beginning—subject to a ground rent of
\$7 dollars, payable on the 15th day of Oc-
tober, in each and every year forever.
J. D. SIMMS, Trustee.
August 27 dt85

Public Sale.

ON Wednesday, the 8th day of October
next, I will offer for sale at Port-To-
bacco, if not previously disposed of at pri-
vate sale.

Woodbury's Hope,

lying on Potomac River, containing about
360 acres, having wood enough on it to pay
for it. The soil is of an excellent quality.
Terms made known on the day of sale.
F. H. REEDER.
Charles co. Md. August 5 wfm80

Lexington for Sale.

THIS estate, containing two thousand
three hundred and fifty acres, more or
less, being one half of the well known tract
of land commonly called "Mason's Neck,"
situated on the Potomac, in the county of
Fairfax, Virginia, is now offered for sale.
About two-thirds of it is covered with an
uncommon heavy growth of white and black
oak, hickory, pine, poplar, &c. near the wa-
ter's edge, whence it may be transported
to the markets of the district of Columbia,
(a distance of 20 miles only) where timber
and fuel are always in demand, and with-
out the expense and risk encountered in
conveying these articles from situations fur-
ther down the river; the remainder is in
cultivation, and furnished with every nec-
essary building for that purpose; together
with orchards and a blacksmith's shop.
The other improvements are a spacious
and elegant dwelling-house, kitchen,
dairy, smoke-house, office, ice-
house, a well of excellent water,
and a falling garden, of the most tasteful
and costly design, filled with the rarest and
most beautiful shrubberies and flowers, ex-
otic and indigenous, all situated on an emi-
nence, commanding a view of the rest of
the tract, which extends in an unintercept-
ed plain from the foot of the eminence to
the Potomac and Occoquan, by which it is
so far bounded as to render the expense of
enclosing it comparatively nothing. The
prospect, moreover, of the surrounding
country, diversified in every direction by
sheets of water, is really beautiful beyond
description. There are likewise attached
to this estate four valuable

Shad & Herring Fisheries:
however, the subscriber intends to reserve
one of them and a few acres of land. The
woods abound with deer such numbers,
that with a little care a gentleman might
command a constant supply of venison for
his table; and besides the large streams ab-
ovementioned, the various creeks and in-
lets that every where intersect the land are
covered in the proper season with wild fowl
of every description known in our waters.
When to all these advantages is added the
great natural fertility of the land, which is
not exceeded perhaps in the western coun-
try, its adaption to improvement by the use
of plaster, which has been proved by ex-
periment, its vicinity to society, to market,
to two manufacturing grist-mills, to which
the distance of conveyance by land and wa-
ter is not more than 5 or 6 miles, it may
with truth be pronounced the most valuable
estate, of the same extent, in the whole
range of country watered by the Potomac.
It will be sold entire or divided to suit pur-
chasers.

The terms of sale will be one-third of the
purchase money in hand, the remaining 2-
3ds in two equal annual payments, with in-
terest from the day of sale, secured by a
deed of trust on the land—which will be
shown in my absence to any person dis-
posed to purchase, by Mr. William Allison or
Mr. Weston, residing on the premises.
August 31 WILLIAM MASON.

For Sale,

UNDER an act of the Legislature of Vir-
ginia, passed on the 21st day of Feb-
ruary, 1818, all that part of a tract of land
lying in the county of Fairfax, and com-
monly called Retirement, to which the
widow and heirs of the late Walter D. Brooke
are entitled; as well their interest in that
part which has been allotted to Ana Brooke
for her dower, as that part of which the
said widow and heirs are now in possession.
The sale will be made at public auction on
the premises near where the stage road
crosses Dogue Run, on Thursday the 17th
of September next, if fair, if not the next
fair day. The terms are one half cash, the
balance on a credit of twelve months.
WILLIAM H. FOOTE,
BENJAMIN M. BROOKE, Comrs.
August 7 1175

Alexandria, August 4.

AS committed to the jail of this Co.
as a runaway, a negro man, who
calls himself JOHN WEAKE, and says
that he was born free in Prince George Co.
Maryland, that his mother's name is Sally
Green, who lives near the road leading
from the Alexandria Ferry to the Eastern
Blanch bridge, adjoining one Hen. Thomp-
son. He was committed to this jail on the
7th May last, and then called himself Wil-
liam Washington, but made his escape the
16th. He is about 25 years of age, 5 feet
7 inches high, stout made. Says he is known
to Mr. Daniel Moxley, and Henry Thomp-
son, of Maryland. The owner is request-
ed to come and prove his property, pay
charges, and take him away, otherwise he
will be disposed of as the law directs.
ANDREW ROUNSAVELL, Jailor.
August 8 law2m

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria, April Term, 1818.
Henry Boswell vs.
The representatives of John Webster, dec-
ed, and against Rezin Webster.

ON the petition of Henry Boswell, a rule
is granted him against the repre-
sentatives of John Webster, deceased, and against
Rezin Webster, to show cause on the 1st day
of the next term, why a piece of ground sit-
uated in the town of Alexandria, late the
property of William R. Webster, should not be
sold, and the money divided among the
representatives of the said William R.
Webster, according to law.
It is ordered, that this rule as to Rezin
Webster, be published in one of the Alex-
andria papers for eight weeks suc-
cessively. A true copy from the records.
Test, EDM. J. LEE, C. C.
July 25 2m

Charles County Court,

March Term 1818.
BILL IN CHANCERY.
Robert Perry
versus

James B. Dunnington, Robert Dunnington,
Francis Taylor and Elizabeth B.
his wife, James Bl. xham and Catharine
his wife, William Simmons and Esther
his wife, heirs of John Dunnington.
THE Complainant alleged in his bill
that the Respondents have in pos-
session the real estate of their deceased
father Wm. Dunnington, whose personal
estate was not sufficient for the payment
of his debts. Wm. Dunnington's estate
is indebted to the complainant in a large
sum of money. The object of the bill is
to procure a decree for the sale of the
land, for the payment of the debts re-
maining unpaid by the personal estate.
Some of the heirs of Wm. Dunnington
are non residents.—It is thereupon, at
petition of the Complainant, ordered that
a copy of this order be inserted in the
Alexandria Gazette for the space of three
months, to the intent that the absent de-
fendants may have notice of this applica-
tion, and of the subject and object of the bill,
and may be warned to appear in this court in person or by a se-
lector, to shew cause, if any there be,
wherefore a decree should not pass as
prayed. Teste,
JOHN BARNES, Clk.
Jap. 27 3m

For Sale,

A valuable Farm in Jefferson County, Vir-
ginia.

BY virtue of a decree of the superior
court of chancery for the Richd. co.
district in Virginia, in a suit wherein the
executors of General George Washington
were plaintiffs, and Gerard Alexander,
Thomas L. Alexander, (by Ludwell
Lee, his appointed guardian in his case)
Ludwell Lee, Richard H. J. Washing-
ton, John A. Washington, Bushrod C.
Washington and Mary Lee Washington,
defendants—will be exposed to sale to
the highest bidder, for ready money, on
the premises, on TUESDAY, the 15th
day of September next, all that tract or
parcel of Land, lying in Jefferson coun-
ty, Virginia, on Bullskin, commonly called
Rockhall, containing 540 acres, now
in the occupation of John Sanders.

The above tract of land lies ap-
proximately 16 miles from Winchester,
and about 6 miles from Charles-
town, and on the main road lead-
ing from Winchester to Baltimore, city
of Washington and Alexandria. It is
well adapted to plaster and clover, and
is in quality little inferior, if at all, to
that of any farin in that rich valley. The
improvements on it are a large two-story
frame dwelling house, barn and other
necessary out houses.—The water is lime-
stone and of excellent quality.

Any person wishing to view the premi-
ses will be shown them upon application
to John A. Washington or Bushrod C.
Washington, living near the land.

Alfred A. Powell,
Henry St. George Tucker,
Robert Worthington,
William Tate,
July 1 3m

600 acres of Land for sale.

THIS Tract is situated in Westmore-
land county, Virginia, adjacent to
Mr. Garnett Hunter's Plantation, and
contiguous to the waters of the Potomac.
The neighborhood is good—water excel-
lent, and very desirable situations for
building. A considerable proportion of
the land is well timbered, besides a good
deal of cedar pine and other wood, suf-
ficiently convenient to make it an object
for those who may be disposed to send it
to market—it is nearly equi-distant from
Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk.
Any one wishing to purchase may ap-
ply to

Also, a very valuable LOT, containing
140 acres, being a part of the late Mr.
John Turberville's tract—within 6 miles
of Georgetown, 3 from the Little Falls
Bridge, and near to the turnpike leading
from thence to Wileys, in Fairfax coun-
ty, Va. A great proportion of this land
is exceedingly well timbered, and that
part which is not, is so recently cleared
as to be in an active state for cultivation,
and already in a productive condition.—
For terms, apply to PHILIP C. JONES, esq.,
in Leesburg, Va. or to R. JONES,
March 30 tt

Charles County Court,

March Term, 1818.

ON application to Charles county court
by petition in writing of John Smith,
of Charles county, for the benefit of the
act of assembly for the relief of sundry
insolvent debtors, passed at November
session 1805, and the several supplements
thereto, on the terms mentioned therein,
a schedule of his property and a list of
his creditors on oath, so far as he can as-
certain them, being annexed to his peti-
tion, and the court being satisfied by com-
petent testimony that the said Jno. Smith
has resided two years immediately pre-
ceding the time of his application, in the
state of Maryland, and being also satis-
fied that the said John Smith is in actual
confinement for debt, and the said John
Smith having entered into bond with suf-
ficient security for his personal appear-
ance in Charles county court, to answer
such allegations as his creditors may
make against him.—It is therefore order-
ed and adjudged that the said John Smith
be discharged from imprisonment; and
that by causing a copy of this order to
be inserted in some one of the newspa-
pers edited in the District of Columbia,
once a week for two months successively
before the third Monday of August next,
he give notice to his creditors to appear
before the said Court, at Charlestown, in
said county, on the said third Monday of
August next, for the purpose of recom-
mending a trustee for their benefit, and
to show cause why the said John Smith
should not have the benefit of the several
insolvent laws as prayed. Given under
my hand this 20th day of June 1818.
Teste, JOHN BARNES, Clk.

Dr. Thomson's System of

Chemistry.

IN FOUR VOLUMES OCTAVO.
THE preceding edition of Dr. Thom-
son's Chemistry, had acquired so
much reputation both in England and up-
on the continent of Europe, that a new
edition, comprising the new facts with
which the science had been enriched,
and the new views of the subject which
extended knowledge had suggested as
indispensable, was eagerly looked for
by the scientific world. A new edition
has accordingly appeared, wherein the
former edition of five volumes has been
condensed into four.

All the new discoveries, and all the
new theories of Chemical Phenomena,
have been considered and embraced in
the present improved edition: so that it
is indispensable to the chemical student,
as presenting the only condensed view
of the changes and alterations in chemi-
cal doctrine, which the discoveries of the
last ten years have suggested. No ap-
ology therefore can be necessary for re-
printing such a book in this country; for
the press does not furnish a substitute
for it. But, there is so much theoretical
speculation—so much abstruse calculation
—so much dubious validity—that notes
and illustrations are absolutely neces-
sary, not merely to render the book more
useful, but more intelligible.

Under these impressions, I thought fit
to write notes in illustration (and some-
times in contradiction) of the work itself,
rather than to make any abridgement of
it. Those who wish to know the modern
views of chemical science, must peruse
it; and to very many who will be anxious
to study it, elucidation will be necessary.
I have endeavored to supply these, to
the best of my ability; regardless whe-
ther my own opinions are in dissonance
or coincidence with those of my author;
leaving to the reader to decide between
us.

The work will be published, with notes
and illustrations, in four volumes 8vo.
THOMAS COOPER, M. D.
CONDITIONS.

I. The work will be printed on a su-
perfine paper, with a new small pic-
ture; and will be published early in the
ensuing summer.
II. It will be illustrated with a number
of cuts, of which several have been nec-
essarily added to the London edition.
III. It will be delivered to subscribers
at \$12- to non-subscribers at \$14, in
boards. The London edition sells for
\$18.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince
and Water Streets,
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Articles of which will be expressed in
the bill of the day.

All kind of goods which are on
hand, and the prices of which are es-
tablished, can at any time be viewed
and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Ship Timber, &c.

THE subscriber, residing on Matta-
woman Creek, in Charles County,
Maryland, will dispose of (standing)
a large quantity of first-rate White Oak
Ship Timber, Wharf Logs, Timber suit-
ed for Staves, Plank, Scantling, or other
purposes, in any quantity; likewise sev-
eral thousand cords Oak Wood. Pur-
chasers will find it to their advantage to
apply as the terms will be moderate, and
there is navigable water to the spot.
Wm. MASON.
May 8 tt

Was Committed

TO the jail of Alexandria county, as a
runaway, on the 16th inst. a Negro
man, who calls himself WILLIAM
WILSON; says he is free born, and
was raised in New-York; he is about 5
feet 2 inches high, full face and eyes,
well set, black complexion, and about 22
years of age. He has been in the dis-
trict about one year. The owner is re-
quested to come and prove his property,
pay charges, and take him away, other-
wise he will be disposed of as the law
directs. AN'W ROUNSAVELL,
June 20 Jailor.

James Kennedy & Son,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public

that they have just received from

LEE'S MEDICINE STORE,

No. 46, Maiden lane, New-York, a fresh

supply of the following valuable MEDI-

CINES:

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozen-

ges.

Which have within sixteen years past

cured an immense number of persons of

both sexes of every age and in every

situation, of various dangerous complaints

arising from WORMS, and from obstruc-

tions or foulness in the stomach and bow-

els.

This medicine bears no analogy what-

ever to others of similar titles so com-

monly complained of as operating with

violence; on the contrary a particular

excellence of this remedy is its being

suitable to every age and constitution. It

contains nothing but what is perfectly in-

nocent & is so mild in its operation that it

cannot injure the most delicate pregnant

and or the tenderest infant of a week old

should no worms exist in the body; but

will without pain or griping cleanse the

stomach and bowels of whatever is foul

or offensive, and thereby prevent the pro-

duction of worms and many fatal dis-

orders. The lozenges are particularly

efficacious in carrying off all gross hu-

mour and eruptions, feverish and bilious

complaints; and are the safest and mild-
est purgative that can be used on any
occasion.

Description of Worms, and the sym-

ptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body

are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Ter-

reez or large round worm; the Ascari-

des or small maw-worm; the Cucurbi-

tic or short flat white worm; and

lastly, the Tenia or tape-worm, so call-

ed from its resemblance to tape. This

is often many yards long and is full of

joints. It is most harmful and most dif-

icult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms

are—disagreeable breath, especially in

the morning; bad and corrupted gums;

itching in the nose, and about the seat;

convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes

privation of speech; starting and grind-

ing of the teeth in sleep; irregular appe-

tite, sometimes loathing food and some-

times voracious; purging with slimy and

fætid stools; vomiting; large and hard

belly; pains in the head and thighs and

lowness of spirits; slow fever with small

and irregular pulse; a dry cough; exces-

sive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy

countenance, and sometimes the face bloat-

ed and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above

symptoms should have immediate re-

course to Hamilton's Worm Destroying

Lozenges, which have been constantly

attended with success in all complaints

similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occa-

sionally during the warm season, will ef-

fectually prevent "the vomiting and pur-

ging of children"—a dreadful disorder,
which annually destroys thousands of the
infant part of our citizens. It is likewise
the mildest and most certain remedy
known, and has restored to health and
strength a great number when in an ad-
vanced stage of this fatal complaint. Par-
ticular and plain instructions are given
for every part of the necessary treatment
in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine
with eagerness; having a pleasing appear-
ance, and an agreeable taste.

The Restorative Powder for the

Teeth and Gums.

For the prevention and cure o

BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS

is recommended

HAIN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended
with a degree of success highly grateful
to the inventor's feelings in several parts
of the West Indies and in the Southern
and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of person
can be adduced, who have reason to be-
lieve that a timely use of this salutary re-
medy has, under Providence, preserved
their lives when in the most alarming cir-
cumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak
more in favour of a medicine than col-
umn of pompous eulogy founded on
mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously pro-
posed as an infallible cure, but the inven-
tor has every possible reason that can re-
sult from extensive experience for be-
lieving that a dose of these Pills taken
once in every two weeks during the pre-
valence of our bilious fevers, will prove
an infallible preventive; and further,
that in the earlier stages of those diseases
their use will very generally succeed in
restoring health, and frequently in cases
esteemed desperate and beyond the pow-
er of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly
mild, so as to be used with safety by per-
sons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry
off superfluous bile and prevent its mor-
bid secretions—to restore and amend the
appetite—to produce a free perspiration
and thereby prevent colds which are of-
ten of fatal consequences. A dose never
fails to remove a cold if taken on its first
appearance: they are celebrated for re-
moving habitual costiveness—sickness at
the stomach and severe head-ache—and
ought to be taken by all persons on a
change of climate.

They have been found remarkably ef-
ficacious in preventing and curing disor-
ders attendant on long voyages, and
should be procured and carefully preserv-
ed for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obste-
inate coughs, asthma, sore throats, ca-
tarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—
To parents who have children afflicted
with the HOOPING COUGH, this dis-
covery is of the first magnitude, as it af-
fords immediate relief, checks the pro-
gress, and in a short time entirely re-
moves the most cruel disorders to which
children are liable. The Elixir is per-
fectly agreeable, and the dose so small
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable me-
dicine for the speedy relief and perma-
nent cure of
Nervous Disorders Violent cramps in
Consumptions the stomach and
Loss of spirits back
Loss of appetite Indigestion
Impurity of blood Melancholy
Hysterical affection Gout in the stomach
Inward weaknesses Pains in the limbs
and debility Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of

Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute
and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic
gout, palsy, lambo, numbness, white
swellings, chilblains, strains, bruises, pain
in the face and neck, etc. etc.